D5499

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Copy of an extract from Daily Report of 12.12.33.

Anniverdary of the Canton Uprising

Apart from a quantity of communist handbills being scattered on roads in the Louza and Pootoo Road Districts, the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 passed without any untoward incident.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

C. & S. B. REGISTRY

No. D 5499

Date 13 | 12 | 33.

Mornin: Transl-tion.

December 13,1933.

China Times and other local newspapers:

PUBLIC SAPATY JUREAU TO PARE CAMBUS

A densus is to be taken by the Burecu of Bularc Safety. In view of the tense situation criping from the rebollion in Fukien, severe punishment iff be inflicted on persons failing to report an ineresse or decrease in their households.

Instructions have been issued by the Bureau of Public Sefety to the police to continue for to-day the special proceutions which have been in force for two days.

Min Poo and other local newspapers :-

PROCESTIONARY CLASSICES ADOPTED BY THE COMESSE AUTHORITIES

Upon receipt of information to the effect that local communists would create disturbances as Decamber II and 12, the Anniversary of Canton Uprising, the Municipality of Greater Shamphai instructed the Public Solety Lureau and the Peace Freservation Corps to adopt special precautions. The Settlement authorities were also requested to act in like armor.

In consequence of these precoutionary measures no unto that incidents occurred.

The Lunicipality of Greater Shanghai also instructed the filitary and olice authorities to adopt whater precautions, and to detail more policemen for duty at important intersections.

Petween midnight and 6 a.m. today vehicles and pedestrians were not allowed on the roads.

Testerday hayor Wu Te-chen made the following statement:
"The activities for the bandit suppression in Klangsi
are i. progress and these bendits will be suppressed in
the near inture.

"Remarking the Folden movement, definite steps will to taken by the Central authorities in the near future.

"During the present national crisis no activities which affect the good order of the community will be permitted and the people throughout the country should unite and support the Contral authorities."

Nesterday a joint proclamation was issued by the Woosing-Changhai Garrison Commission and the Municipality of Greater Shanghai urging the residents not to believe the runours spread by reactionary elements.

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SHANGHAL MUNICIPAL FOLL E
C. 4.3. B. REGISTRY

No. D. 5499

December 12, 1933.

Morning Translation

Shun Pao and other local newspapers P-

OFFICE OF "LIVELIHOOD WEEKLY" SEARCHED BY FRENCH POLICE

Informed that the "Livelihood Weekly" printed at 150 Rue Vallon, has published articles of a reactionary nature, the French Police at once secured a search warrant from the Second Shanghai Special District Court and searched the office yesterday morning. Some 100 copies of the publication were seized and taken to the Police Station.

As the people responsible for the publication were not in Shanghai, no arrests were made.

Shun Pao and other local new papers:-

PRIVATE LETTER DIFFUERY OFFICES TO CLOSE

According to the statement of a departmental chief of the General Post Office, the Ministry of Communications has ordered all private letter delivery offices to close at the end of the year 1934, because these offices affect the income of the Post Office. Detailed measures to enforce the order will be devised by the Chief of the Post Office and the Minister of

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

SPECIAL PREMAUTIONS ON THE ANNIVERSARY OF CANTON UPRISING.

The Municipality of Greater Shanghai recently received a confidential report to the effect that the radical elements in Shanghai will take advantage of the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 to create disturbances. Consequently the Municipality immediately instructed the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters, the Peace Preservation Corps of the Municipality, the Bureau of Public Safety and the Peace Maintenance Corps to adopt special precautionary measures on that day. The Municipality also requested the S.M.P. and the F.M.P. to co-operate.

Vehicles and pedestrians will not be allowed on the streets at Pootung, Kiangwan, Chenju and the Central Zone between 12,30 and 8 a.m. December 12.

Precautions were also adopted yesterday in the International Settlement and the French Concession.

Fearing that the reactionary elements may postpone their activities, the Chinese authorities will also adopt precautions to-day.

E SHOOL

SHANGHAI MUSCIPAL POLI E

CAS L. REGISTRY

No. 1) 5499

December Dua2/2/1/2/1/32

Political (2)

Returned Overseas Chinese - left for Taichow

The twelve Chinese who returned from Japane owing to the impossibility of doing business there and who were staying in the Sing Zung Hotel, Nantao, (Vid. 1.R. 9/12/33) left for Taichow by s.B. Chusan" at 6 p.m. December 11.

Anniversary of the Canton Uprising

I TKZ

Apart from a quantity of communist handbills being scattered on roads in the Louza and Pootoo Road Districts, the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 passed without any untoward incident.

Communist Propaganda - Court proceedings

SHARGRAI MUNICIPAL POLI E
C. & S. B. REGISTRY

No. D 5499

Dik 11 12 122

December 11, 1933.

Morning Translation.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS BEING ENFORCED IN CHINESE TERRITORY TO-DAY

To-day being the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising, special precautions have been proclaimed by the Chinese authorities. In anticipation of reactionary elements distributing pamphlets and creating disturbances, the number of post duty police has been doubled, pedestrians will be searched, and the police of the Municipality will cooperate with the police of the French Concession and the International Settlement. Motor car patrols of the Public Safety Bureau have been instructed to observe the movements of reactionaries in Nantao and Chapei.

Special Branch, No. D_____ December 11, 1933.

Communication Control Room.

Please circulate the following message :

"Information has been received by the "Chinese Authorities that the disturbances "planned by communists and others hostile to "the Government, and scheduled to take place "to-day, have been partly postponed till "to-morrow. December 12."

Investidaded 1

fore been till pullmed survey Information has been received (, the: Chance authoritie tool the distinbuces Others histille has Stoke place to day,

Shanghai sureau of Fublic Safety Secret Order No.402

The Bureau has received a secret order No.166 from the Soong Wu Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters to the effect that at a joint meeting held by some 20 members of the Social Democratic Party, the Third Party, and the Nationalist Party in Room No. 227 Hsin Wei Tsong Hotel (在基本), Hankow Road, on Movember 30, it was decided that they will unanimously stage a riot in Shanghai on December 12, and also Urder No. 189 from the same Authority giving the information that the "Red" bandits will carry out a motor car procession and create disturbances on the occasion of the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising which falls on December 11. The Divisions of this Bureau are hereby warned to instruct detectives as well/constables to keep strict observation in the vicinity of pieces of vacant ground in their respective areas that can be used rendezvous or meeting places and to pay special attention to motor car processions if there are any on December 11. Persons who conduct reactionary activities are to be arrested and sent to the Bureau for interrogation.

The Bureau has also been reported that communists will stage demonstrations on December 13 when the Police are expected to take a rest after diligent services performed by them on December 11 and 12. Therefore the same precautionary measures taken on December 11 and 12 are to be taken on December 13 in order that ruffians will not be given opportunity to create disturbances.

The Chief of the Dureau of Public Safety

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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SRAWCHAL MONOCOLLEGICAL SOLLAR SOLLAR

S.E. Syecial Dranch D STATES

D	F	p	0	D	T

Date December 11 19 /2

	Date Delambur II 19 33
Subject (in full) The oth Anniversery of the Centon oprising - December 11:
	Possible retivities by local communists.
Made by D.1	I. Kin Foo-hous Forwarded by 39 Sweets
	Agents A-8226, A-4564 and A-3264 report that local
	"Red" clements lan to hold demonstrations and distribute
	communist handbills at the following places on the evening
	of December 11 :-
	Louza District - Between 6.30 p.m. and 8 p.m.
	In the vicinity of the Sincere Poportmental Store,
1	Manking Road, and on Chekiang Road near Fakhoi Ro d.
-	Eastern District - Between 5.30 p.m. and 7 p.m.
	At the junction of Yongchow and Fenchow Roads and in
	the vicinity of linglishy Road Larket.
	Western District - Between 5.30 p.m. and 7 p.m.
	Tonquin-Mageo Road junction to Ichang Road.
	Kuh Fao. hwa
	D. I.
	Officer i/c Special Dranch.
	Copies sent with middley delivery to :-
	D.C. (Div)
	D.O. "A"
	7) "7 "7 "
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<u> </u>	C.1: Ale Louga Engle of Pootoo Rd
-	C.1. Se Julin Rel
-	July July 1
-	THE CYPE
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C.	٠.	s.	B.	REC	GJ .	,	,
No.	1)	_				
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DELLIGHT ELPORT

December 9, 1933

Anniversary of Centon Whiting, Doe mbar 11 - Polible communict observance

Information from various sources indicates that lead adherents till observe this maniversary by isolated dissemination of literature and possibly small immenstrations of the usual "shout and run" order.

COPY OF TELEPHONE MESSAGE

12.10 p.m. 9.12.33 from D.O. "C" to all Stations of "C" Division:-

Report has been received that communist elements may attempt to demonstrate and distribute pamphlets in early morning on the 10th and 11th Inst. Warn all night duties to watch for pamphlets being posted on walls, etc.

IANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.2. Special Brunch

Date December 8 1033

Subject (in full) The 6th Anniversary of the Centon Uprising - December 11.

Made by D. I. Kuh Pro-hwa Forwarded by 13.00

I forward herewith comies of five communist handbills. bearing on the forthcoming 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising which falls on December 11. 1933. These leaflets, which came into the possession of the funicipal Police through Agents A-4267 and A-7138 on December 6, were issued by the Kiangsu

Provincial Committee of the Thinese Communist Party and the

Central Committee of the Communist Youth League.

According to information obtained by Agents A-2764 and A-8:27. the local Chinese Communist Party has instructed its various district branches and cells to intensify the

propaganda movement by the surreptitious dissemination of handbills and the hoisting of red cloth bonners bearing the

Soviet insignia and appropriate inscriptions relating to the

nniversary on shop fronts, trees and electric standards

during the early mornings of days preceeding the December 11

Despite the exhortations of the Chinese Communist

Party and Communist Youth League to the labouring masses to declare a general strike and to stage street demonstrations

to commemorate the approaching event, it is unlikely that demonstrations of any magnitude will take place. It can be

expected, however, that minor street demonstrations by small

parties of communist adherents will occur on December 11.

A further report containing definite information on possible

happenings to be expected on that date will be forwarded

the eve of the anniversary.

Ahniversary.

SULTURIZED TRANSLATION OF ' COLUMNIST HOLDBILL ENTITIED
"MANIFESTO IN SCRIENCRATION OF THE CANTON
"UPASSING OLD SUPPORT OF THE SECOND HATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOVIET
REPRESENTATIVES", ISSUED BY THE KIMIGSU PROVINCIAL COLUMNIST
OF THE CHIMISE COLUMNIST MARTY AND DATED DESCRIER 11,1933.

To the toiling masses throughout the country,

To-dry is the 6th enniversary of the Conton Uprising which resulted in the establishment of the first Soviet regime define and the disclosure of the atrocities committed by the ruling classes.

by the imperialistic Muomintang which is madly engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign to massacre labouring and peasant masses. The foreign imperialists have become more energetic in their endeavours to partition China and the Muomintang is clearing the way for the foreign imperialists in a most subservient manner. China has therefore only two mays before her, to be Colonized or Sovietized. On the day of the anniversary the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives will be convened and for this reason we may say that the anniversary this year is of special significance.

At the time of the Conton Uprising the Kuomintang, under the protection of imperialistic gunborts (? foreign gunborts), massacred 8,000 labourers and easants in Conton during a period of three days. That, however, was only the beginning of the Inite Terrorism of the Kuomintang and since then the Kuomintang has intensified " .hite Terrorism" and the massacre of labourers and neasants. In " Thite territory" (Territory under Kuomintong control) The Kuomintang resorts to measures such as abduction, cruel torture, burial of people alive, wholesale massacre, etc., in dealing with 1 bouring and reasent masses and other revolutionary elements. As regards Soviet areas, the Kuomintang mobilizes all its reactionary forces to butcher labourers and peasants by using heavy guns, aeroplanes and gas. In exchange for financial assistance and firearms, the Kuominteng has surrendered the nation to the importablistic countries and betrayed the people of their territorial and other rights.

_ _

The Knominting, even with the firest assistance of imperialistic countries, has no hope of success in its 5th nti-communist compaign, because the armed forces of the Chinese labouring and persent masses are undefeatable when facing Kuomintang troops. The peasant and lebouring masses have established their own Soviet Government thich has at least onefourth of the whole population under its control. Workers in Soviet reas the enjoying an 8-hour working day and their wages ore increased and their working hours reduced from time to time. Unemployment becomes less and less as time goes on; all peasants ere given land; there is no outregeous taxation and there is only one tax which is the progressive tax; poor peasants are completely exempted from taxes; numbers of Red armies are also given land and other benefits; females are free from from the bondage of the old modial system and female workers are given the same pay and work as male workers and also other special treat ment. All these are contrary to the existing conditions in territory under Kuomintang control where peasants, labourers and poor people are subject to continuous reduction of pay and increase of working hours, unemployment, loss of land, poverty, starvation, exile, and death.

The Provisional Central Government of the Soviet Republic of China has decided to convene the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives on December 11 in order to absorb new labour and reasont elements into the government with a view to strengthening the Soviet movement.

The Soviet area in Szechuen has extended to more than 20 Hsiens and the Red Armies in the centre of Kiangsi have gained numerous victories. Therefore the end of the Kuomintang rule is near. The so-called "People's Government" in Fokien is simply a combination of Kuomintang militarists - Li Chi Sung and Chen Ming Chu, etc. - and the Third Party, which has long been despised by labouring and peasant masses. The Fokien Government is not a government that labourers and reasants are in need of, it is

simply on offshoot of the Muomintang. The Topenese imperialists will now occupy Fokien just as they have occupied Morthern China and will directly assist the Muomintang to attack the Red Armies. It is the time for our labouring and peasant masses to unite under the Chinese Soviet Flag and carry out the revolutionary radial war.

The following 're our slogens :-Commemorate the Conton Uprising and celebrate the Second Notional Congress of Soviet Representatives by holding meetings, demonstrations and declaring strikes! Support the Congress and the Soviet Covernment: Contribute funds to the Red Armies and organize "Red Army Friendly Societies" and "Soviet Friendly Societies": Oppose the surrender of the notion by the Muominteng to the imperiolists and oppose the sale of national rights! Oppose the recognition of "Manchukuo" ! Oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Compaign of the Euomint ng! Oppose the White Terrorism of the Kuomintang Fracisti! Continue in the spirit of the Canton Uprising and corry out struggles regainst imperialism, capitalism and the Kuomintang! Strive for freedom of speech, assembly, organization and press! Long live the Conton Uprising! Long live the Second Mational Congress of Soviet Representatives: Long live Soviet China!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the

Chinese Communist Party.

SUBJECTED TRANSPORTION OF A GO BURBER LARGE AND AND AND THE SECOND OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE

Labourers and Pausants, wrise and destructed the Anniversary of the Corbon Madeing!

The Anton Uprising was the first "bonnor" of the Chinese soriet!

The Anton Uprising was the trapp rd of the Calabse Soviet Hove ant and of the Red Armies!

Support the Chinese deviat Government and the Lacourus and Peasants! Red army and commonorate the anniversary of the Caton Uprising!

Support the Jecond Mational Congress of Joviet Representatives and make drustic offerts to elect representatives to the congress!

Oppose the 5th Bandit Suppression Campaign Launched by the Kuomintang; oppose the aerial bombardment of Soviet areas by the Kuomintang; oppose the surrender of the Muomintang to the Imperialists and the betrayal of the people's interests; oppose the direct negotiations between China and Japan; oppose the official recognition of Manchukuo, the resumption of postal and train services with Manchukuo and the establishment of revenue offices in the vicinity of the Great Adl:

Oppose the partitioning of China by foreign imperialists!

Oppose the "Thir Toror" of the Kucmintang to massacre the revolutionary elements of labourers and peasants; oppose the atrocities of the Fascists in depriving the people of their freedom!

Oppose the "People's Government" of Fokien which is deceiving the labourers and peacants; the Soviet alone can show the way-out to the Chinese labourers and peacants!

Oppose attacks by expitalists, the dismissal of workers, the reduction of wares and the suspension of operations in factories!

Oppose the suppression of labourers' struggles and strikes; oppose the betrayal of labourers' interests by the running dogs of 'Yellow' labour unions!

Oppose outrageous taxation by the Kuomintang as well as its press-gang policy!

Commence struggles by famine sufferers in winter; seize rice from shops; make free distribution of food and confiscate

Japanese goods!

Hold meetings, declare a general strike and stage demonstrations to commemorate the December 11 Anniversary!

Act according to the emperience guined in the Canton Uprising!

Long live the Canton Uprising; long live the Second Mational Congress of Soviet Representatives; xmx long live the Chinese Soviet!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST HANDBILL DATED NOVELEDR 23, 1933, and ENTITLED "LANGUESTO ADDRESSED TO THE TOILING YOUNG MASS IN CONTENERATION OF THE 6TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CANTON UPHIST OF, 163010 DY THE CENTRAL CONTENERS OF THE CHIMESE COLLULIST YOUTH LEAGUE.

To the toiling youths throughout the country:

The 6th Anniversary of the Canton Commune and the opening of the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives will fall on December 11 this year.

On December 11, 1927, the peasants and soldiers, let by the Chinese proleteriat, overthrew by armed uprising, the evil Promintang rule and replaced it with a Soviet regime of the people. This was the first movement of independence and emancipation proclaimed in China, whereby all unequal treaties were abeliahed, all properties of Pulmintang officials and landlords confiscated, the 8-hour working system enforced and an armod Red Army organized.

The Conton Commune, however, existed only for two and helf days for it suffered suppression at the hands of the Euchintens with the assistance of the imperialists. The Euchintens savegely killed thousands of the toiling masses, mostly juvenile workers, set fire to the Soviet Consulate, murdered Soviet consular officials and even slandered the Soviet Union, the supporter of the Chinace Revolution.

The Center Courmne has reverled that the overthrow of the Kuomintang rule and the establishment of Soviet regime may be carried out only by labourers and peasants under the leadership of the proletarist.

With the approach of the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Commune, the toiling young masses throughout the country should be mided by the sanguinary experiences in the Canton Uprising and struggle in conjunction with the Red Army for the successful organization of a Soviet China and to realize the unfulfilled ambitious of the thousands of worrious who were billed during the incident in Canton.

"OPEN LETTER TO THE TOILING YOUTHS IN COMMOTION WITH THE STANDIVERSARY OF THE CANTON UPRISING, "ISSUED BY THE KIANGSU PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE OF THE CHINESE COLDUNIST YOUTH LEAGUE, DATED DECEMBER 11, 1933.

To young labourers, peasants, soldiers and other revolutionary youths in Kiangsu:-

The anniversary of the plorious Canton Oprising is again approaching.

On this date six years ago the Chinese toiling masses, led by the proletarian classes, overthrew, by force of arms, the reactionary Kuomintong rule in Canton and established in its place a Soviet regime. For the first time, the flag of the labouring and peasant masses was hoisted in China. Although the Soviet regime in Canton was suppressed by the savage white ferror of the imperialistic Kuomint ng after an existence lasting three days, nevertheless during this short period of time it had proclaimed the Soviet laws, enforced an S-hour working system, confiscated the banks as well as the properties of the imperialistic Kuomintong and capitalists and brought emancipation and freedom to all labourers, peasants and toiling masses.

The Canton oprising has impressed upon the Chinese toiling masses that the Soviet is the channel of salvation and that under the guidance of the proletariat and by means of armed uprising, they will secure emancipation.

This year's anniversary of the Canton Uprising coincides with the opening of the Second Mational Congress of Soviet Representatives. The Red Flag is flying over many places in China such as Kiangsi, Fokien, Hunan, Hupeh, Honan, Szechuen, Shensi and Kansu and hundreds of thousands of toiling masses have been liberated from Kuomintang oppression and are now enjoying improved living conditions under a Soviet regime.

The Kuomintang is massacring Chinese toiling youths and attacking the Chinese Soviet Red Army more cruelly than it aid in 1927. It has betrayed the nation to Japan and other imperialists and has launched a 5th suppression campaign against the Red Army.

On the anniversary of the Canton Uprising, the toiling

masses should observe the following slogans:-

- 1) Cease work, for ing, drilling and study to commomorate the anniversary!
- 2) Stage processions and demonstration, on that day!
- 3) Celebrate the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives:
- 4) Oppose the White Terror of the Knomintang Pascist!

Kiengsu Provincial Committee of the

Uninese Communist You U. League,
December 11, 1933.

SUMMARIZED TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST HANDBILL ENTITIED "MANIFESTO IN CONTENCATION OF THE CANTON UPRISING AND IN CHIMBRATION OF THE SECOND NATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES, "ISSUED BY THE PROPAGANDA SECTION OF THE SHANGHAI EASTERN DISTRICT COMMITTEE OF THE CHIMESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

To dear labour friends and other oppressed masses,

The Anniversary of the Canton Uprising is approaching!

It was on December 11, 1927, that the toiling masses in Canton, unable any longer to bear the oppression and massacre at the hands of the capitalists, started an armed uprising and overthrew the capitalistic regime, replacing it with a Soviet Bovernment of their own. Although this revolution was suppressed three days later, its great significance shall remain for ever. This uprising introduced revolutionary influence into China. Two years ago Ju-king, Kiangse, was made the seat of the Chinese Soviet Government, under whose leadership 100,000,000 toiling people have been liberated from the yoke of the imperialistic Kuomintang.

To-day is the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising.

It is also the Opening of the Second National Congress of Soviet

Representatives.

Labour friends, we must not forget that we are the enemies of anti-revolutionaries. We should unite, declare strikes and stage demonstrations to commemorate the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to celebrate the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives.

Propaganda Section
of the
Eastern District Committee
of the
Chinese Communist Party.

Shanghai,

Confidential letter No.97 from Shanghai Bureau of Public Safety, dated December 6, 1933.

Subject: Conveying information that communists plan to cause disturbances locally during the eight days ending Dec. 13, 1933.

Police Headquarters,

S. M. P.

According to confidential report local communists have decided to mobilize all adherents and make their appearance in the form of "Light Cavalry Groups" in Chapei and Mantao under the pretext of letting off balloons on the 6, 7, 8th inst. Really they will disseminate handbills and stir up disturbances.

It is further learned that in the event of no satisfactory results being obtained during these three days and in order to eventually crown their efforts with success, local 'Red' adherents will continue their activities on the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th inst, emphasis being laid on the 11th, Anniversary of Canton Uprising, on which date they will intensify their propaganda and precipitate demonstrations.

Apart from reporting to my superiors and addressing those concerned, I have to inform you of the above and shall be glad if you will kindly instruct your subordinates to take precaution and to effect arrest of those found disturbing peace and good order.

Wen Hung-en,

Chief of Public Safety Bureau.





Shanghai Municipal Council.

December	6	19	33.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of your letter No.89 of December 3,1953, regarding plans of Communists to organize a "Red Flag Movement Society" and disseminate red flags in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to inform you that the matter will receive attention.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant

Commissioner of Police.

General Wen Hung En,

Chief of the Public Safety Bureau, Lunici, ality of Greater Shanghai. Sir,

I have to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of your letter No.89 of December 3,1953, regarding plans of Communists to organize a "Red Flag Movement Society" and disseminate red flags in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to inform you that the matter will receive attention.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Commissioner of Police.

General Wen Hung En,

Chief of the Public Safety Bureau,

Munici ality of Greater Shanghai.

Form 226 A.Ş. &00-6-33 SHAHERM MURICIPAL PE C. & S. B. REGI M. D

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POL

COMMISSIONER'S ()FFICE.

Translation of sublic satety of the Suncipality of Greater Shanchai.

December 3, 1933.

Confidential.

To

Messis. Police Department,

Shanghai Municipal Courcil.

oirs,

The Privy Chamber of the Municipality of
Greater Shanghai has transmitted to us a copy of
the following communication from the General
Office of the Military Artairs Committee:-

"According to a report, the Communists have decided to organize a "Red Flag Movement Lociety" in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising in 1927 ten days in advance. Meantime, every branch party office in each section has been ordered to select three groups for the purpose of disseminating red flags. Each group will prepare ten such flags and the method of hoisting them is to tie a piece of stone with a piece of hemp string to a corner of the flag and throw them up on to a wire by the roadway in all congested centres.
For your information and attention please".

In consequence of the foregoing, I, apart
from ordering my subordinates to detail "plain
clothes" to detect and to take any persons who
are found to either disseminate or hoist red flags
into enstead, and notify the parties someormed, I
request that we have not and instruct the ma-

(Signea): hen numg-en, thief of the Bureau.

S. HO:

Entr

Fm. 3 G. 35m-1 32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE, No. 1

SHAHGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

C. & S. B. REGISTAY.

File No.

POLICE.

No. D

G. 2, Spec Databanch namatom.

REPORT

Date Movember 27, 1933.

Subject (in full) Instructions issued by the Chinese Communist Party in connection with the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising - December 11.

Made by D.I. Kuh Puo-hwa

Forwarded by D. Journel.

Agents A-9287 and A-3250 report that the Headquarters of the local Chinese To munist Party recently issued the following instructions to its various subsidiary district committees in connection with the intensification of the propaganda movement scheduled to take place prior to the occasion of the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising, which falls on December 11:-

Instructions to District Committees

- (1) All "Calls" under the control of District Counittees to prepare at least three red cloth banners bearing the Soviet insignia, size about 12" x 18", and to detail members to display them on shop fronts, trees and electric standards in their respective area/s. Persons undertaking this work will be referred to as members of the "Red Banner Group."
- (2) District Co mittees should despatch "Propaganda Groups"

 to the neighbourhood of labourers' dermitories to expound
 communist propaganda on the significance of the forthcoming
 anniversary on the following lines:
 - a) Opposition to the "White Terror" methods employed by the Chinese Fascists.
 - b) Support people's anti-Imperialist move ents.
 - c) Rescue anti-Fascist and anti-Imperialist warriors.
- d) Investigate and disclose the treacherous policy of the Kuomintang and eliminate the traitors of the people.
- e) Solicit contributions to buy comforts for the members of the "Dog Beating Groups" (Acsassination Corps) at present detained in custody by the Municipal Police.

Kuh Tao- hwa

S. Yuly S.